

$$ma = -kx - \gamma \dot{x} + F_0 \sin \Omega t \Rightarrow \ddot{x} + \frac{\gamma}{m} \dot{x} + \frac{k}{m} x = \frac{F_0}{m} \sin \Omega t \Rightarrow \ddot{x} + \beta \dot{x} + \omega_0^2 x = \frac{F_0}{m} \sin \Omega t$$

$$x = A \sin(\Omega t + \delta) \Rightarrow \dot{x} = \Omega A \cos(\Omega t + \delta) \Rightarrow \ddot{x} = -\Omega^2 A \sin(\Omega t + \delta)$$

$$-\Omega^2 A \sin(\Omega t + \delta) + \beta \Omega A \cos(\Omega t + \delta) + \omega_0^2 A \sin(\Omega t + \delta) = \frac{F_0}{m} \sin \Omega t$$

$$-\Omega^2 A (\sin \Omega t \cos \delta + \cos \Omega t \sin \delta) + \beta \Omega A (\cos \Omega t \cos \delta - \sin \Omega t \sin \delta) + \omega_0^2 A (\sin \Omega t \cos \delta + \cos \Omega t \sin \delta) = \frac{F_0}{m} \sin \Omega t$$

$$(-\Omega^2 A \cos \delta - \beta \Omega A \sin \delta + \omega_0^2 A \cos \delta) \sin \Omega t + (-\Omega^2 A \sin \delta + \beta \Omega A \cos \delta + \omega_0^2 A \sin \delta) \cos \Omega t = \frac{F_0}{m} \sin \Omega t$$

$$-\Omega^2 A \sin \delta + \beta \Omega A \cos \delta + \omega_0^2 A \sin \delta = 0 \Rightarrow -\Omega^2 \sin \delta + \beta \Omega \cos \delta + \omega_0^2 \sin \delta = 0$$

$$-\Omega^2 \tan \delta + \beta \Omega + \omega_0^2 \tan \delta = 0 \Rightarrow (\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2) \tan \delta = -\beta \Omega \Rightarrow \tan \delta = -\frac{\beta \Omega}{\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2}$$

$$\sin \delta = \frac{\tan \delta}{\sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \delta}} = \frac{-\frac{\beta \Omega}{\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2}}{\sqrt{1 + \left(-\frac{\beta \Omega}{\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2}\right)^2}} = -\frac{\beta \Omega}{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2) \sqrt{1 + \frac{\beta^2 \Omega^2}{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2}}} = -\frac{\beta \Omega}{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2) \frac{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}}{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)}} = -\frac{\beta \Omega}{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}}$$

$$\cos \delta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \delta}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(-\frac{\beta \Omega}{\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2}\right)^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\beta^2 \Omega^2}{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2}}} = \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}}{\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2}} = \frac{\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2}{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}}$$

$$(-\Omega^2 A \cos \delta - \beta \Omega A \sin \delta + \omega_0^2 A \cos \delta) \sin \Omega t = \frac{F_0}{m} \sin \Omega t \Rightarrow (-\Omega^2 \cos \delta - \beta \Omega \sin \delta + \omega_0^2 \cos \delta) A = \frac{F_0}{m}$$

$$\left[ (\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2) \cos \delta - \beta \Omega \sin \delta \right] A = \frac{F_0}{m} \Rightarrow \left[ (\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2) \cdot \frac{\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2}{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}} - \beta \Omega \cdot \left( -\frac{\beta \Omega}{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}} \right) \right] A = \frac{F_0}{m}$$

$$\left[ \frac{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2}{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}} + \frac{\beta^2 \Omega^2}{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}} \right] A = \frac{F_0}{m} \Rightarrow \frac{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}} A = \frac{F_0}{m} \Rightarrow A \sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2} = \frac{F_0}{m}$$

$$A = \frac{F_0}{m \sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}}$$

$$\sum \mathcal{E} + \sum \mathcal{E}_{in} = \sum IR + \sum \frac{q}{C} \Rightarrow -L \frac{dI}{dt} = IR + \frac{q}{C} \Rightarrow \frac{dI}{dt} + \frac{R}{L} I + \frac{1}{LC} q = 0 \Rightarrow \ddot{q} + \beta \dot{q} + \omega_0^2 q = 0$$

$$U_0 \sin \Omega t - L \frac{dI}{dt} = IR + \frac{q}{C} \Rightarrow \ddot{q} + \beta \dot{q} + \omega_0^2 q = \frac{U_0}{L} \sin \Omega t$$

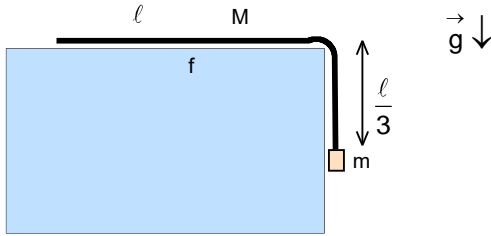
$$A = \frac{F_0}{m \sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}} \Rightarrow Q = \frac{U_0}{L \sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}} \Rightarrow x = A \sin(\Omega t + \delta)$$

$$q = Q \sin(\Omega t + \delta) \Rightarrow I = \dot{q} = \Omega Q \cos(\Omega t + \delta) = I_{\text{mak}} \cos(\Omega t + \delta)$$

$$I_{\text{mak}} = \frac{\Omega U_0}{L \sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \Omega^2)^2 + \beta^2 \Omega^2}} = \frac{\Omega U_0}{L \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{LC} - \Omega^2\right)^2 + \frac{R^2 \Omega^2}{L^2}}} = \frac{\Omega U_0}{\sqrt{L^2 \Omega^2 \left(\frac{1}{\Omega LC} - \Omega\right)^2 + \frac{R^2 \Omega^2}{L^2}}}$$

$$= \frac{\Omega U_0}{\Omega \sqrt{L^2 \left(\frac{1}{\Omega LC} - \Omega\right)^2 + R^2}} = \frac{U_0}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{L}{\Omega LC} - \Omega L\right)^2 + R^2}} = \frac{U_0}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\Omega C} - \Omega L\right)^2 + R^2}}$$

$$Z = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\Omega C} - \Omega L\right)^2 + R^2} = \sqrt{\left(\Omega L - \frac{1}{\Omega C}\right)^2 + R^2} = \sqrt{(X_L - X_C)^2 + R^2} \Rightarrow X_L = \Omega L \Rightarrow X_C = \frac{1}{\Omega C}$$



$$ma = -kx \Rightarrow \ddot{x} + \frac{k}{m}x = 0 \Rightarrow \ddot{x} + \omega^2 x = 0$$

$$(M+m)a = mg + \frac{Mx}{\ell} \cdot g - f \cdot \frac{M(\ell-x)}{\ell} \cdot g = \frac{M(1+f)x}{\ell} + mg - fMg \Rightarrow \ddot{x} - \frac{M(1+f)x}{\ell(M+m)} = \frac{(m-fM)g}{M+m} \Rightarrow \ddot{x} - \omega^2 x = C$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{M(1+f)}{\ell(M+m)} \Rightarrow C = \frac{(m-fM)g}{M+m}$$

$$x = Ae^{\lambda t} \Rightarrow \dot{x} = \lambda Ae^{\lambda t} \Rightarrow \ddot{x} = \lambda^2 Ae^{\lambda t} \Rightarrow \ddot{x} - \omega^2 x = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 Ae^{\lambda t} - \omega^2 Ae^{\lambda t} = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 - \omega^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 = \omega^2 \Rightarrow \lambda = \pm \omega$$

$$\lambda^2 + \omega_0^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 = -\omega_0^2 \Rightarrow \lambda = \pm i\omega_0$$

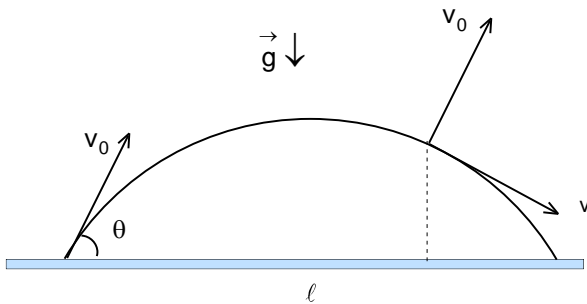
$$x_1 = A_1 e^{\omega t} + A_2 e^{-\omega t} \Rightarrow x_2 = D \Rightarrow \dot{x} = \dot{x} = 0 \Rightarrow 0 - \omega^2 D = C \Rightarrow D = -\frac{C}{\omega^2}$$

$$x = x_1 + x_2 = A_1 e^{\omega t} + A_2 e^{-\omega t} - \frac{C}{\omega^2} \Rightarrow \dot{x} = \omega A_1 e^{\omega t} - \omega A_2 e^{-\omega t} \Rightarrow x(0) = \frac{\ell}{3} \Rightarrow \dot{x}(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{\ell}{3} = A_1 + A_2 - \frac{C}{\omega^2} \Rightarrow 0 = \omega A_1 - \omega A_2; A_1 = A_2 \Rightarrow 2A_1 = \frac{\ell}{3} + \frac{C}{\omega^2} \Rightarrow A_1 = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\ell}{3} + \frac{C}{\omega^2} \right)$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\ell}{3} + \frac{C}{\omega^2} \right) (e^{\omega t} + e^{-\omega t}) - \frac{C}{\omega^2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\ell}{3} + \frac{C}{\omega^2} \right) (1+1) - \frac{C}{\omega^2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\ell}{3} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{C}{\omega^2} \cdot 2 - \frac{C}{\omega^2} = \frac{\ell}{3}$$

$$\ell = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\ell}{3} + \frac{C}{\omega^2} \right) (e^{\omega t} + e^{-\omega t}) - \frac{C}{\omega^2} \Rightarrow \frac{\ell + \frac{C}{\omega^2}}{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\ell}{3} + \frac{C}{\omega^2} \right)} = e^{\omega t} + e^{-\omega t} = B \Rightarrow e^{\omega t} + \frac{1}{e^{\omega t}} = B \Rightarrow e^{2\omega t} + 1 = B e^{\omega t} \Rightarrow e^{2\omega t} - B e^{\omega t} + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow z^2 - Bz + 1 = 0$$



$$v_{0x} = v_0 \cos \theta \Rightarrow v_{0y} = v_0 \sin \theta$$

$$v_x = v_0 \cos \theta \Rightarrow v_y = v_{0y} - gt = v_0 \sin \theta - gt$$

$$\vec{v}_0 \cdot \vec{v} = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = a_x b_x + a_y b_y = ab \cos \theta$$

$$v_0 \cos \theta \cdot v_0 \cos \theta + v_0 \sin \theta \cdot (v_0 \sin \theta - gt) = 0 \Rightarrow v_0^2 \cos^2 \theta + v_0^2 \sin^2 \theta - v_0 g t \sin \theta = 0 \Rightarrow t = \frac{v_0}{g \sin \theta}$$

